

MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY &amp; MCCLOY LLP

SERIAL NO. 09/871,783  
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 36287-00900**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of the claims will replace all the prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1 - 20. (cancelled)

21. (previously presented) A method according to claim 23, further comprising:  
determining a default spread  $s(t)$  for a time  $t = T$  using at least an equation mathematically  
equivalent to:

$$s(T) = -\left(\frac{1}{T}\right) \ln(B(T)).$$

22. (currently amended) A method according to claim 23, further comprising:  
determining a normalized probability of no default  $Z(t)$  for a time  $t = T$ , wherein  $B(T)$  is  $B(t)$   
evaluated at time  $t = T$ , and  $B(0)$  is  $B(t)$  evaluated at time  $t = 0$ , using at least an equation  
mathematically equivalent to:

$$Z(T) = \frac{B(T)}{B(0)}.$$

23. (currently amended) A method at least partially implemented in a computer  
for determining a company's probability of no default over a time period between  $t = 0$  and  $t = T$   
comprising:

MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY &amp; MCCLOY LLP

SERIAL NO. 09/671,783  
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 36287-00800

determining a standard deviation  $\sigma^*$  of past share prices in the company;

determining a current share price  $S_0$  of the shares in the company

determining a given share price  $S^*$  of the shares in the company;

determining a debt per share  $D$  of the shares in the company;

determining a expected debt recovery fraction  $\bar{L}$  ;

determining a percentage deviation  $\lambda$  in the expected debt recovery fraction  $\bar{L}$  ;

and

determining and displaying  $B(T)$  as the company's probability of no default

between  $t = 0$  and  $t = T$  using at least  $\sigma^*$ ,  $S_0$ ,  $S^*$ ,  $D$ ,  $\bar{L}$  and  $\lambda$  with equations mathematically

equivalent to:

$$d = \frac{(S_0 + \bar{L}D)\exp(\lambda^2)}{\bar{L}D},$$

$$A_T^2 = (\sigma_s^* S^* / (S^* + \bar{L}D))^2 T + \lambda^2; \text{ and}$$

$$B(T) = N\left[\frac{\ln(d)}{A_T} - 0.5A_T\right] - d * N\left[-\frac{\ln(d)}{A_T} - 0.5A_T\right],$$

wherein N is a cumulative normal distribution function.

24 - 29. (cancelled)